Form 240A - Reaffirmation Agreement (1/07)	☐ Presumption of Undue Hardship ☐ No Presumption of Undue Hardship (Check box as directed in Part D: Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation Agreement.)
	NKRUPTCY COURT rict of MISSOURT
In re PETER RODRIQUEZ.	Case No. 08-45290 Chapter 7
	ON AGREEMENT filing by checking each applicable box.]
☐ Part A: Disclosures, Instructions, and Notice to Debtor (pages 1 - 5)	☐ Part D: Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation Agreement
☐ Part B: Reaffirmation Agreement	☐ Part E: Motion for Court Approval
☐ Part C: Certification by Debtor's Attor	rney
[Note: Complete Part E only if debtor we the course of negotiating this agreement. prepare and file Form 240B - Order on F	Note also: If you complete Part E, you must
Name of Creditor: FIRST COMMUNITY	CREDIT UNION
E [Check this box if] Creditor is a Credit Federal Reserve Act	t Union as defined in §19(b)(1)(a)(iv) of the
PART A: DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, INS	TRUCTIONS AND NOTICE TO DEBTOR
1. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT	
Before Agreeing to Reaffirm a Debt, Re	view These Important Disclosures:
SUMMARY OF REAFFIRMATION AGREE This Summary is made pursuant to the re	
AMOUNT REAFFIRMED	
The amount of debt you have agreed to re	eaffirm: \$_18,826.11

The amount of debt you have agreed to reaffirm includes all fees and costs (if any) that have accrued as of the date of this disclosure. Your credit agreement may obligate you to pay additional amounts which may come due after the date of this disclosure. Consult your credit agreement.

Form 240A - Reaffirmation Agreement (Cont.) ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE

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debt.]

[The annual pe	rcentage rate	can be disclos	ed in different ways, depending on the type of debt.]
are defined in § the annual perc	103 of the Trends of the Trend	ruth in Lending nown in (i) belo	edit" under an "open end credit plan," as those terms g Act, such as a credit card, the creditor may disclose ow or, to the extent this rate is not readily available or vn in (ii) below, or both.
the debt reaffirm statemen	or in the most ation agreement to was given to age rate as it v	t recent periodi ent described in to the debtor du would have bee	closed, or that would have been disclosed, to ic statement prior to entering into the n Part B below or, if no such periodic uring the prior six months, the annual en so disclosed at the time of the disclosure
		An	d/Or
this disc simple i	losure statem nterest rates a	ent is given to apply to differe	ble to the amount reaffirmed as of the date the debtor:%. If different ent balances included in the amount nce and the rate applicable to it are:
S	@	%;	
S	@	%;	
\$	@	%.	
creditor may di not readily avai (i) The disclose prior to such dis	Annual Perce d to the debto entering into sclosure stater	nual percentage applicable, the sentage Rate und for in the most re the reaffirmation	dit other than under than an open end credit plan, the erate shown in (I) below, or, to the extent this rate is simple interest rate shown in (ii) below, or both. der §128(a)(4) of the Truth in Lending Act, as ecent disclosure statement given to the debtor on agreement with respect to the debt or, if no it to the debtor, the annual percentage rate as it .99 %.
		An	nd/Or
this disc	losure statem nterest rates a	ent is given to	able to the amount reaffirmed as of the date the debtor:%. If different ent balances included in the amount

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Form 240A - Reaffirmation Agreement (Cont.)

\$	(a)	%;	<u> </u>
S	(a)	%:	
\$	@	%.	
c. If the most recent di	ne underlying o sclosure given	lebt transaction	on was disclosed as a variable rate transaction on the uth in Lending Act:
			be a variable interest rate which changes from reentage rate disclosed here may be higher or
waived or dete items of the de	ermined to be vebtor's goods o	oid by a fina or property rea	d by a security interest or lien, which has not been l order of the court, the following items or types of main subject to such security interest or lien in affirmed in the reaffirmation agreement described in
Item or Type of	of Item	Orig	inal Purchase Price or Original Amount of Loan
2004 NISSAN (QUEST	\$3	1,847.53
OptionalAt the following t			a repayment schedule using one or a combination of
Repayment S	chedule:		
Your first pay payment amou applicable.	ment in the am int may be diff	ount of \$_47	4.20 is due on 9/20/08 (date), but the future lt your reaffirmation agreement or credit agreement, as
			— Or —
each, payable	(monthly, anni	ually, weekly,	(number) payments in the amount of \$, etc.) on the (day) of each y mutual agreement in writing.
			— Or —

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2. INSTRUCTIONS AND NOTICE TO DEBTOR

Reaffirming a debt is a serious financial decision. The law requires you to take certain steps to make sure the decision is in your best interest. If these steps are not completed, the reaffirmation agreement is not effective, even though you have signed it.

- Read the disclosures in this Part A carefully. Consider the decision to reaffirm carefully. Then, if you want to reaffirm, sign the reaffirmation agreement in Part B (or you may use a separate agreement you and your creditor agree on).
- Complete and sign Part D and be sure you can afford to make the payments you are agreeing to make and have received a copy of the disclosure statement and a completed and signed reaffirmation agreement.
- If you were represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your reaffirmation agreement, the attorney must have signed the certification in Part C.
- If you were not represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your reaffirmation agreement, you must have completed and signed Part E.
- The original of this disclosure must be filed with the court by you or your creditor. If a separate reaffirmation agreement (other than the one in Part B) has been signed, it must be attached.
- 6. If the creditor is not a Credit Union and you were represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your reaffirmation agreement, your reaffirmation agreement becomes effective upon filing with the court unless the reaffirmation is presumed to be an undue hardship as explained in Part D. If the creditor is a Credit Union and you were represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your reaffirmation agreement, your reaffirmation agreement becomes effective upon filing with the court.
- 7. If you were not represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your reaffirmation agreement, it will not be effective unless the court approves it. The court will notify you and the creditor of the hearing on your reaffirmation agreement. You must attend this hearing in bankruptcy court where the judge will review your reaffirmation agreement. The bankruptcy court must approve your reaffirmation agreement as consistent with your best interests, except that no court approval is required if your reaffirmation agreement is for a consumer debt secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, security deed, or other lien on your real property, like your home.

YOUR RIGHT TO RESCIND (CANCEL) YOUR REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT

You may rescind (cancel) your reaffirmation agreement at any time before the bankruptcy court enters a discharge order, or before the expiration of the 60-day period that begins on the date your reaffirmation agreement is filed with the court, whichever occurs later. To rescind (cancel) your reaffirmation agreement, you must notify the creditor that your reaffirmation agreement is rescinded (or canceled).

Frequently Asked Questions:

What are your obligations if you reaffirm the debt? A reaffirmed debt remains your personal legal obligation. It is not discharged in your bankruptcy case. That means that if you default on your reaffirmed debt after your bankruptcy case is over, your creditor may be able to take your property or your wages. Otherwise, your obligations will be determined by the reaffirmation agreement which may have changed the terms of the original agreement. For example, if you are reaffirming an open end credit agreement, the creditor may be permitted by that agreement or applicable law to change the terms of that agreement in the future under certain conditions.

Are you required to enter into a reaffirmation agreement by any law? No, you are not required to reaffirm a debt by any law. Only agree to reaffirm a debt if it is in your best interest. Be sure you can afford the payments you agree to make.

What if your creditor has a security interest or lien? Your bankruptcy discharge does not eliminate any lien on your property. A "lien" is often referred to as a security interest, deed of trust, mortgage or security deed. Even if you do not reaffirm and your personal liability on the debt is discharged, because of the lien your creditor may still have the right to take the security property if you do not pay the debt or default on it. If the lien is on an item of personal property that is exempt under your State's law or that the trustee has abandoned, you may be able to redeem the item rather than reaffirm the debt. To redeem, you make a single payment to the creditor equal to the current value of the security property, as agreed by the parties or determined by the court.

NOTE: When this disclosure refers to what a creditor "may" do, it does not use the word "may" to give the creditor specific permission. The word "may" is used to tell you what might occur if the law permits the creditor to take the action. If you have questions about your reaffirming a debt or what the law requires, consult with the attorney who helped you negotiate this agreement reaffirming a debt. If you don't have an attorney helping you, the judge will explain the effect of your reaffirming a debt when the hearing on the reaffirmation agreement is held.

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PART B: REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT.

I (we) agree to reaffirm the debts arising under the credit agreement described below.

Brief description of credit agreement:

YOU PROMISE TO PAY US THE PRINCIPAL BALANCE OF \$18,826.11, PLUS FINANCE CHARGES ACCRUING ON THE UNPAID BALANCE AT THE RATE OF 5.99% PER YEAR FROM TODAY'S DATE UNTIL PAID IN FULL.

Description of any changes to the credit agreement made as part of this reaffirmation agreement:

SIGNATURE(S):

Borrower:	Accepted by creditor:
Pete Rodriguez	FIRST COMMUNITY CREDIT UNION
(Print Name)	(Printed Name of Creditor)
(Signature) Date: 8/12/08	PO BOX 1030, CHESTERFIELD, MO (Address of Creditor), 63006 (Signature)
Co-borrower, if also reaffirming these debts:	Michael J. Kurtz
Eleanor Rodriguez (Print Name)	(Printed Name and Title of Individual Signing for Creditor)
Eleaner Ruchiques (Signature) Date: 8/19/08	Date of creditor acceptance:

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PART C: CERTIFICATION BY DEBTOR'S ATTORNEY (IF ANY).

[To be filed only if the attorney represented the debtor during the course of negotiating this agreement.]

I hereby certify that (1) this agreement represents a fully informed and voluntary agreement by the debtor; (2) this agreement does not impose an undue hardship on the debtor or any dependent of the debtor; and (3) I have fully advised the debtor of the legal effect and consequences of this agreement and any default under this agreement.

☐ [Check box, if applicable and the creditor is not a Credit Union.] A presumption of undue hardship has been established with respect to this agreement. In my opinion, however, the debtor is able to make the required payment.

Printed Name of Debtor's Attorney:

Signature of Debtor's Attorney:

Date: \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\)

Form 240A - Reaffirmation Agreement (Cont.) 8 PART D: DEBTOR'S STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT

[Read and complete sections 1 and 2, <u>OR</u>, if the creditor is a Credit Union and the debtor is represented by an attorney, read section 3. Sign the appropriate signature line(s) and date your signature. If you complete sections 1 and 2 <u>and</u> your income less monthly expenses does not leave enough to make the payments under this reaffirmation agreement, check the box at the top of page 1 indicating "Presumption of Undue Hardship." Otherwise, check the box at the top of page 1 indicating "No Presumption of Undue Hardship"]

1. I believe this reaffirmation agreement will not impose an undue hardship on my dependents or me. I can afford to make the payments on the reaffirmed debt because my monthly income (take home pay plus any other income received) is \$ 2725, and my actual on this reaffirmed debt. I understand that if my income less my monthly expenses does not leave enough to make the payments, this reaffirmation agreement is presumed to be an undue hardship on me and must be reviewed by the court. However, this presumption may be overcome if I explain to the satisfaction of the court how I can afford to make the payments here: (Use an additional page if needed for a full explanation.) 2. I received a copy of the Reaffirmation Disclosure Statement in Part A and a completed and signed reaffirmation agreement. Signed: (Debtor) (Joint Debtor, if any) Date: - Or -[If the creditor is a Credit Union and the debtor is represented by an attorney] 3. I believe this reaffirmation agreement is in my financial interest, I can afford to make the payments on the reaffirmed debt. I received a copy of the Reaffirmation Disclosure Statement in Part A and a completed and signed reaffirmation agreement. Signed: (Joint Debtor, if any) Date:

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PART E: MOTION FOR COURT APPROVAL

[To be completed and filed only if the debtor is not represented by an attorney during the course of negotiating this agreement.]

MOTION FOR COURT APPROVAL OF REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT

I (we), the debtor(s), affirm the following to be true and correct:

I am not represented by an attorney in connection with this reaffirmation agreement.

I believe this reaffirmation agreement is in my best interest based on the income and expenses I have disclosed in my Statement in Support of this reaffirmation agreement, and because (provide any additional relevant reasons the court should consider):

Therefore, I ask the court for an order approving this reaffirmation agreement under the following provisions (check all applicable boxes):

	□ 11 U.S.C. § 524(c)(6) (debtor is not represented by an attorney during the course of the negotiation of the reaffirmation agreement)
	☐ 11 U.S.C. § 524(m) (presumption of undue hardship has arisen because monthly expenses exceed monthly income)
Signed	
	Debtor)
	Joint Debtor, if any)
Date:	